

INSTRUCTION

MANUAL

CPU-2500R

YAESU MUSEN CO , LTD.

TOKYO JAPAN.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	(Page)
INTRODUCTION	1
SPECIFICATION	2
CONTROLS AND SWITCHES	4
REAR APRON CONNECTIONS AND SWITCH	6
UNDERSIDE CABINET SWITCHES	6
INSTALLATION	7
OPERATION	9
BLOCK DIAGRAM	17
CIRCUIT THEORY	18
MAINTENANCE & ALIGNMENT	22
PARTS LIST	31

VER

UNIT



of memory or dial frequencies, up/down control, auxiliary repeater split up to 4 MHz, and two-tone input for control link purposes.

Other exciting features of the CPU-automated or manual tone burst/tone, selectable power output of 25W/3W, memory backup feature for holding frequencies when the transceiver is off. A fully adjustable subaudible tone (TGS) is available as an option.

Additional design features include automatic protection for the output transistors, as well as polarity protection for the supply. The PU-2500R is supplied complete with all hardware, cables, and accessories for mobile use, as well as a stand for base station. The solid state devices used in the PU-2500R assure you of many years of operation.

SPECIFICATIONS

<p>Frequency range: 144–148 MHz* 144.000–147.995 MHz receive 144.010–147.995 MHz transmit *Factory modified to 144–146 MHz, if required by local regulations.</p> <p>Synthesizer steps: 10 kHz, with 5 UP switch for intermediate steps.</p> <p>Emission type: F3 variable reactance frequency modulation.</p> <p>Deviation: ± 5 kHz factory preset, ± 16 kHz maximum</p> <p>Power output: 25 watts (HI), 3 watts (LOW) @ 13.6 VDC into 50 ohm load.</p> <p>Spurious emissions: Better than 60 dB down.</p> <p>Antenna impedance: 50^o ohms nominal.</p> <p>Microphone impedance: 600 ohms</p> <p>Tone burst frequency: 1800 Hz (USA model), 1750 Hz (Europe, etc.)</p>	<p>Receiver type: Double conversion superheterodyne.</p> <p>Receiver sensitivity: 0.3 μV for 20 dB QS</p> <p>Selectivity: ±6 kHz at 6 dB down, ±12 kHz at 60 dB down.</p> <p>First IF: 10.7 MHz</p> <p>Second IF: 455 kHz</p> <p>Audio output: 1.5 watts @ 10% THD.</p> <p>Audio output impedance: 8 ohms.</p> <p>Voltage requirement: 13.6 volts ± 10%</p> <p>Current consumption: 0.5 A receive 6.0 A transmit (HIGH), 2.5 A (LOW)</p> <p>Case dimensions: 180 (W) x 72 (H) x 270 (D) mm.</p> <p>Weight: 3.2 kg.</p>
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SEMICONDUCTOR COMPLEMENT

Integrated Circuits

MN9003 (CPU)	1
MC14011B	5
MC14042B	1
MC14069B	1
MC14410	1
MC14556B	1
MSM5576	1
TA7060P	1
TC5081P	1
μPC575C2	1
μPC577H	1

μPC14305	1
μPD857C	1
78L05	2
VP-20A	1
Field-Effect Transistors	
2SK19BL	1
2SK19GR	3
2SK30AY	1
3SK40M	3
3SK51	3

Transistors

2SA496Y	1
2SA564Q	9
2SA719P	4
2SC373	1
2SC496Y	2
2SC535A	3
2SC741	1
2SC1000GR	1
2SC1815Y	32
2SD235-O	1

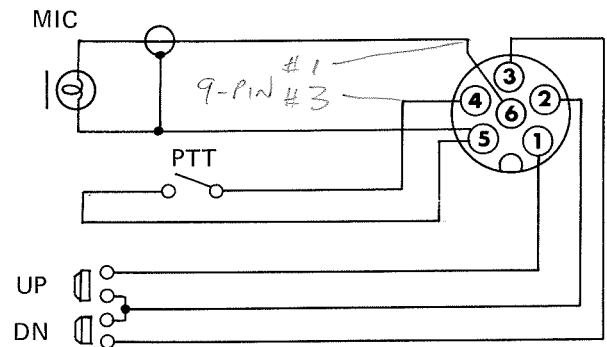
Part	Quantity	Part Number	Quantity	Part Number	Quantity
Varactor Diodes	2	1S2209	5	LED Display	7
		1SV50	1	5082-7740	
Varistor Diode	11	MV103	1		
Zener Diode	28	RD8.2EB	1		
	1				

Specifications subject to change without notice or obligation.

ACCESSORIES

PHONE 1 ea.

The microphone comes with a flexible, 6 pin connector for insertion into microphone jack. The microphone switch and UP/DOWN scanner control board microphone includes a tone programming controls.



PHONE HANGER 1 ea.

It may be installed wherever convenient to the microphone.

PHONE FUSE 1 ea.

The phone comes equipped with a 10 ampere fuse.

PHONE FUSES 1 ea.

For replacement if the line fuse is blown, be absolutely certain to use a replacement fuse of 10 amp rating.

PHONE DOES NOT COVER DAMAGE FROM IMPROPER FUSE REPLACEMENT.

PHONE MOUNTING BRACKET 1 ea.

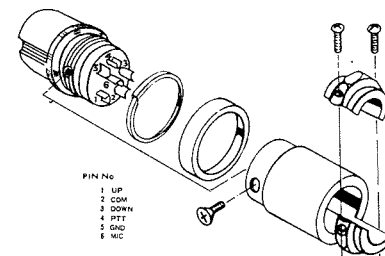
For installations, a universal mounting bracket is provided.

1 ea.

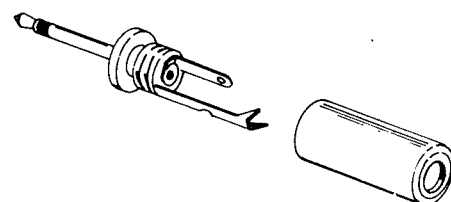
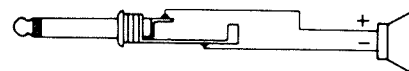
Use in base station use.

PHONE REPHONE PLUG 1 ea.

Use for phones or an external speaker.



Standard Microphone Connector



Speaker Plug

This position is
the range of
position M0 is
on the dial
section for

memory chan-
nelled.

a frequency

for scanning
and edge is
to 147.990
(model), thus

receiver. It is
shaded. Each
channel is 5 kHz
wide. When the
display will
be European
at that point
tuning is via
the circuit.

anning
edge is
4.000

(16) BUSY

This lamp lights when the squelch is tripped by an incoming signal, thus indicating that the frequency is occupied.

burst
essed.
access

(17) ON AIR

This lamp lights up during transmission.

andard
hms.

(18) DISPLAY

Full frequency readout is provided by the digital display. As well, the memory channel selected is displayed at the right-hand side.

trans-

(19) MR (MEMORY RECALL)

This button transfers control from the main dial to the memory channels.

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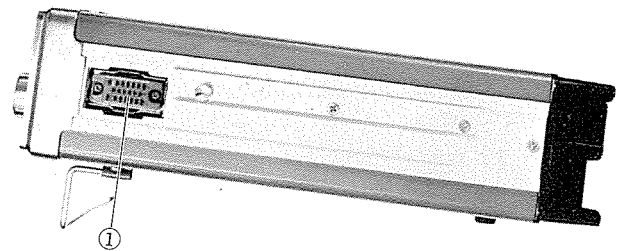
(20) DIL (DIAL)

This switch, when pressed, transfers control from the memory channels to the main tuning dial.

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STOP

CABINET RIGHT SIDE

switch
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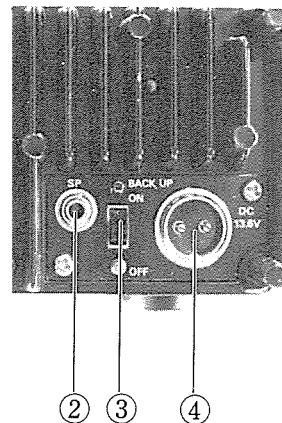
(1) KEYBOARD MIC JACK

When the keyboard microphone is used, its input is through this jack.

ng fre-
annel

nd on

DC POWER AND SWITCH



ector, the memory circuits will still be held in
ing condition. If DC power is removed,
1, the memorized frequencies will be lost.

POWER

ceptacle accommodates the power cord. A
located in the power cord, rated at 10 amps.
REPLACING FUSES, BE CERTAIN TO
A FUSE OF 10 AMPS RATING. OUR
WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER DAMAGE
SUSTAINED BY IMPROPER FUSE REPLACEMENT.

SWITCHES

LOW POWER SWITCH

LOW position, power output will be ap-
proximately 3 watts, and in the HIGH position,
output will be approximately 25 watts.

ONE SQ

the optional tone squelch unit is installed,
pushing this switch in the ON position will activate
the baudible encoder/decoder.

BURST/CALL

When this switch is placed in the BURST position,
a tone burst will be generated whenever
the PTT switch is activated. In the CALL position,
pushing the PTT switch will cause no tone to be
generated. The front panel CALL button will send a
tone and activate the PTT circuit for as long as the
button is pushed, regardless of the position of the
BURST/CALL switch.

INSTALLATION

Connect the RED lead of the power cord to the POSITIVE (+) battery terminal, and connect the BLACK lead to the NEGATIVE (-) terminal. If it is necessary to extend the power cable, use #16 AWG insulated copper wire, and use the minimum length practicable to reduce voltage drop.

CAUTION

BEFORE CONNECTING THE POWER CABLE TO THE TRANSCEIVER, CHECK THE BATTERY VOLTAGE WITH THE ENGINE RUNNING (BATTERY CHARGING). IF THE VOLTAGE EXCEEDS 15 VOLTS DC, THE REGULATOR SHOULD BE READJUSTED SO THAT THE HIGHEST CHARGING RATE DOES NOT EXCEED 15 VOLTS. ALSO, BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT THE CORRECT BATTERY POLARITY IS OBSERVED WHEN MAKING CONNECTIONS. REVERSED POLARITY WILL NOT DAMAGE THE CPU-2500R BECAUSE OF THE PROTECTIVE CIRCUITRY INCORPORATED IN DESIGN. HOWEVER, THE CPU-2500R WILL NOT OPERATE UNDER CONDITIONS OF REVERSED SUPPLY POLARITY.

Connect the power cable to the POWER receptacle on the rear apron, connect the coaxial cable from the antenna to the rear apron ANT receptacle, and connect the microphone to the jack appropriate for the microphone in use. An external speaker may be connected to the rear apron SP jack, if desired. Use the speaker plug supplied with the transceiver. Insertion of a plug into this jack automatically cuts off the internal speaker.

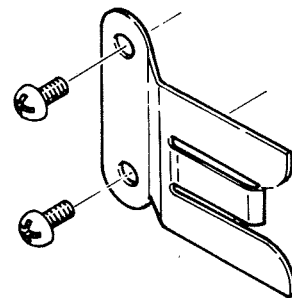


Figure 1

CONSIDERATIONS

is designed for operation using an ohmic resistive load. The protection circuitry will protect the transistors if an SWR is encountered. The antenna should, if possible, be kept matched to secure full output.

Antenna design is a function of antenna frequency and base station operation. In the clear channel and in the clear channel is standard for FM operation, so be sure that your antenna is designed appropriately. Popular antenna types include the 5/8 wave antenna, the many stacked dipole antenna, the beam antenna, the long distance antenna, and the gain directional array antenna.

The most popular antenna is the 1/2 wavelength vertical and the 5/8 wavelength vertical. See the diagram which shows approximate dimensions for the 5/8 wavelength vertical. See the manual of the Yaesu RSE-1000 for details of use.

Coaxial cable, as much as possible, should be used as a lossy transmission line. For the A/U type of coax may be used the shortest length possible. For other applications, use type RG8A/U for very long runs, type RG213 for "foamflex" coax, or type RG58 may be used.

OPERATION

To recall a memorized frequency, press the MR button. Now frequency control is in the memory circuitry. Rotating the MEMORY CHANNEL SELECTOR to positions M1–M4 will select the desired frequency. To return frequency control to the main tuning dial, push DIL.

For holding memorized frequencies after the transceiver is turned off, activate the rear apron BACK UP switch (before the CPU-2500R is turned off). Remember that power must be applied to the rear apron power connector for this backup function to be performed. Current drain during backup operation is approximately 30 mA.

SCANNER OPERATION

Press the front panel DIL and MAN switches. Pressing the UP switch will now cause the CPU scanner to scan higher in frequency in 10 kHz steps. Pressing the microphone PTT switch or the front panel CALL button will halt the scan without transmitting a signal. A second press of the PTT or CALL switch will cause the transmitter to be activated.

In like fashion, pressing the DOWN button will cause the scanner to scan lower in frequency. Press the PTT or CALL buttons to halt the scan.

If frequencies are programmed in the memory slots, pressing MR and either the UP or DOWN button will cause the four memory channels to be scanned. The scan may be halted as described previously.

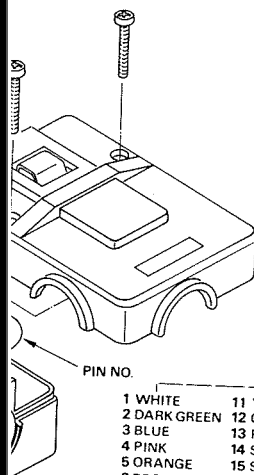
To secure automatic stopping of the scan at a desired frequency, set the SCAN STOP switch to AUTO. Now, when the SCAN STOP MODE switch is in the BUSY position, the scanner will hold on the first channel it finds which is occupied (containing a signal strong enough to trip the squelch). When the SCAN STOP MODE switch is in the CLEAR position, the scanner will stop when it finds a clear channel. Note that, when the SCAN STOP MODE switch is in the BUSY position, the squelch must be adjusted to mute the receiver under no-signal conditions; otherwise, if the SQL control is fully counter-clockwise, for example, the scanner will only advance one channel at a time, thinking that a busy channel has been found.

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y the main squelch, not the
he scan may be halted in the
signal not breaking the tone

ard microphone, pressing the
nes on the microphone will
s the UP and DOWN switches
he CPU-2500R.



MICROPHONE YM 2500



- | PIN NO. | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1 WHITE | 11 YELLOW |
| 2 DARK GREEN | 12 GRAY |
| 3 BLUE | 13 PURPLE |
| 4 PINK | 14 SHIELD |
| 5 ORANGE | 15 SHIELD (GND) |
| 6 BROWN | 16 N.C. |
| 7 BLACK | 17 N.C. |
| 8 RED | 18 RUSSET |
| 9 N.C. | 19 LIGHT GREEN |
| 10 LIGHT BLUE | 20 N.C. |

KEYBOARD MICROPHONE OPERATION

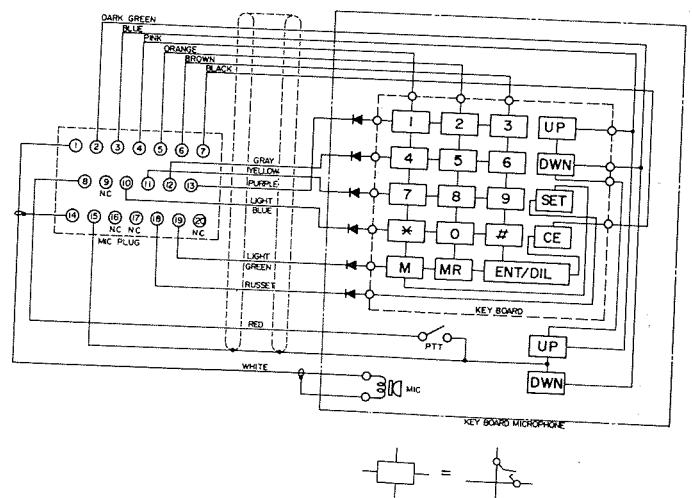
The keyboard microphone for the CPU 2500R allows remote programming of memory frequencies, dialing in of transceive frequencies, remote actuation of the scanner, and remote programming of auxiliary splits for repeaters.

PTT and scanning operation is identical to that of the standard microphone.

When the PTT switch is depressed for transmission, the keyboard becomes a tone pad for accessing autopatch facilities on repeaters, or for other control purposes. The two-tone audio frequencies are shown in Fig. 2. VR₉₀₁, located on the MONITOR UNIT (PB-1897), sets the level for the speaker monitor of the two-tone signal. VR₉₀₁ sets the two-tone audio output level to the transmitter.

		HIGH TONE		
		1209Hz	1336Hz	1477Hz
LOW TONE	697Hz	1	2	3
	770Hz	4	5	6
	852Hz	7	8	9
	941Hz	*	0	#

Fig. 2



For dialing in an operating frequency, place the front panel MEMORY CHANNEL SELECTOR switch in the KEY position. To dial in 146.52 MHz, press "652" and DIL. 146.52 MHz will now be your operating frequency. Do not press "6520", as the final digit is already programmed. If four numbers are addressed, the display will, when you press DIL, indicate "14E.____" which means an error has been made. Press CE (Clear Entry) to erase the mistake and return to the original operating frequency.

If you should press "6520" but not DIL, simply press "652" again, then DIL. The digits will simply be shifted in the register, making error correction easy. When "14E.____" is displayed, the transmitter will not function, thus preventing out-of-band operation.

Press	Display	Comments
DIL	146.450	Original frequency.
6	14 . 60	Program 146.520 MHz.
5	14 .650	
2	146.520	
ENT/DIL	146.520	Correctly programmed.

To store 146.940 MHz in memory position M1, press "694" and DIL. Now press "1" and M on the keyboard. 146.940 MHz will now be stored in M1. To store 146.520 MHz in M2, press "652" and DIL, then press "2" and M. To recall 146.940 MHz, press "1" and MR. To recall 146.520 MHz, press "2" and MR. The other memory channels may be treated in like fashion.

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
6	14 . 60	Now program 146.940 MHz.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
ENT/DIL	146.940	Correctly entered.
1	14 . 10	Enter 146.940 into memory position 1.
M	146.940	Correctly stored in M1.

The following examples will demonstrate typical input errors when using the keyboard microphone, as well as the remedial action required. *

OVERFLOW ERROR CORRECTION

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
6	14 . 60	Now program 146.940 MHz.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
0	14 . 00	Overflow.
ENT/DIL	14E. 0	Error.
CE	146.520	Return to original frequency, try again.
6	14 . 60	
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
ENT/DIL	146.940	Correctly entered.

IMPROPER MEMORY CHANNEL PROGRAMMING

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency
6	14 . 60	Program 146.940 into memory.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
ENT/DIL	146.940	
5	14 . 50	
M	14E. 0	No memory position 5, error detected.
CE	146.940	Clear, return to programmed frequency.
2	14 . 20	Try again.
M	146.940	146.940 correctly stored in memory position.2

SCANNING WITHOUT FREQUENCY DISPLAYED

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
6	146. 60	Program 146.940 MHz.
DN or UP	14 . 0	Scanning, no display.
CE	14 . 0	Scanning, no display, CE will not clear.
PTT sw.	146.680	Scan halted normally, scan stop frequency displayed.

USE OF OVERFLOW FOR ERROR CORRECTION

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
6	14 . 60	Program 146.940 MHz.
9	14 .690	
5	146.950	Pressed wrong button.
6	14 . 60	No need to clear, deliberately overflow.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
ENT/DIL	146.940	Correctly programmed.

FAILURE TO PRESS ENT/DIL

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
6	14 . 60	Program 146.940 MHz.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
PTT sw.	14E. 0	Transmit, did not press ENT/DIL.
PTT off	146.520	Returned to original frequency, no transmission occurred.
6	14 . 60	Try again.
9	14 .690	
4	146.940	
ENT/DIL	146.940	Correctly programmed.

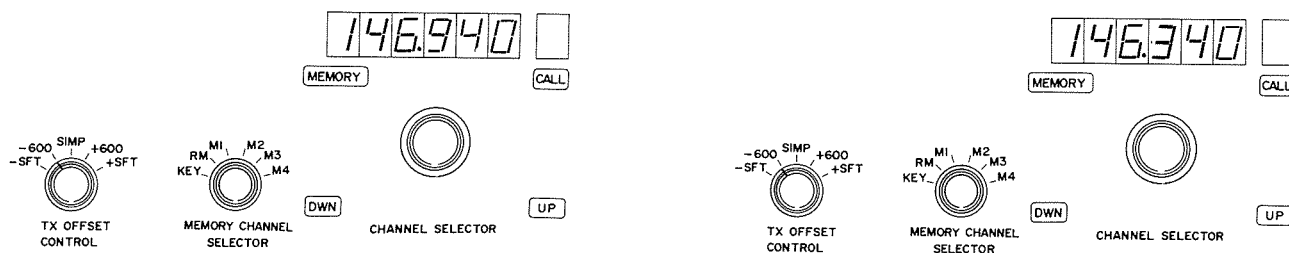
ATTEMPTS TO PROGRAM OUTSIDE BAND

Press	Display	Comments
	146.520	Original frequency.
8	14 . 80	Program 148.880 MHz.
8	14 .880	
8	148.880	
ENT/DIL	14E. 0	Error, frequency outside band.
CE	146.520	Return to original frequency.
	146.520	Original frequency.
8	14 . 80	Mistake, intended to press 7.
CE	14 . 0	Clear register.
7	14 . 70	Program 147.390 MHz.
3	14 .730	
9	147.390	
ENT/DIL	147.390	Correctly programmed.
	146.520	Original frequency.
8	14 . 80	Program 148.880 MHz.
8	14 .880	
8	148.880	
ENT/DIL	14E. 0	Error, frequency outside.
DN or UP	14E. 0	Pressed scan switch with no frequency programmed.
CE	14E. 0	CE does not clear here.
PTT sw.	14E. 0	
CE	146.520	Return to original frequency.

REPEATER OPERATION

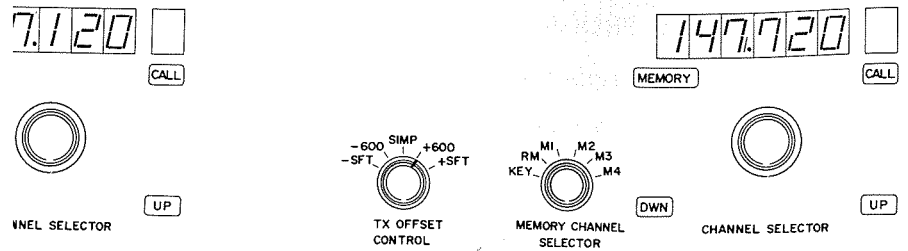
Repeater operation is easily accomplished with the CPU-2500R. Placing the front panel TX OFFSET SELECTOR switch in the +600 or -600 position will provide transmit frequency offset of +600 kHz or -600 kHz, respectively. In the United States, -600 kHz shift is generally used between 144 and 147 MHz, while +600 kHz is used above 147 MHz.

STANDARD ± 600 kHz REPEATER SHIFT OPERATION



Choose receive frequency on dial.
TX OFFSET to -600.

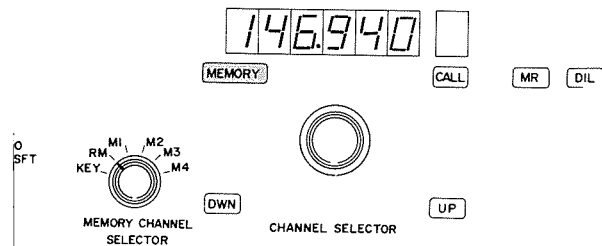
Press PTT switch; TX frequency displayed.



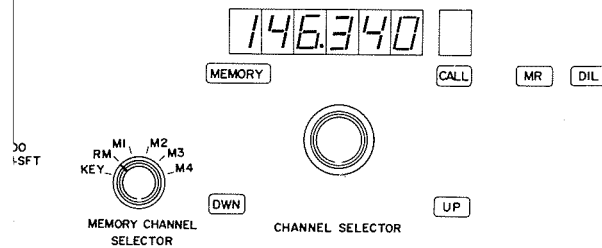
a. TX OFFSET

Press PTT switch; TX frequency displayed.

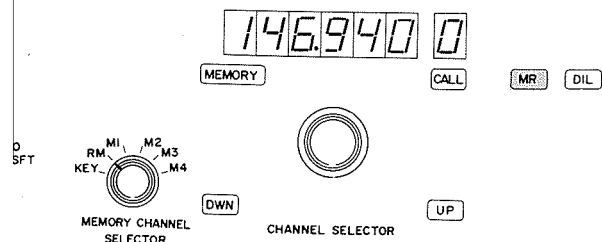
When using the standard type microphone, set the CPU-2500R dial to the receive frequency. Rotate the MEMORY CHANNEL SELECTOR dial to the desired transmitting frequency. Press the MR switch, and the programmed frequency (stored in the M0 position), while transmitting on the channel selector, change the transmit frequency, press DIL again, dial in a new TX frequency combination will be programmed.



Press receive frequency and press MEMORY switch. Press MEMORY CHANNEL SELECTOR to RM.

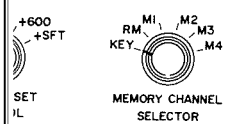


Choose transmit frequency.



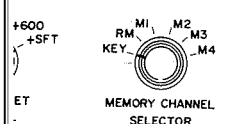
Press MR switch to recall receive frequency.

us: dial in the
 desired transmit
 program another
 to program the



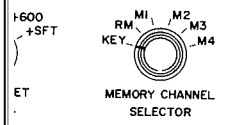
SET
 IL

set to -SFT.



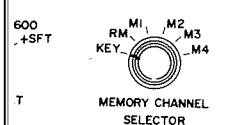
ET

set to +SFT.



ET

30 kHz shift.



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No shift.

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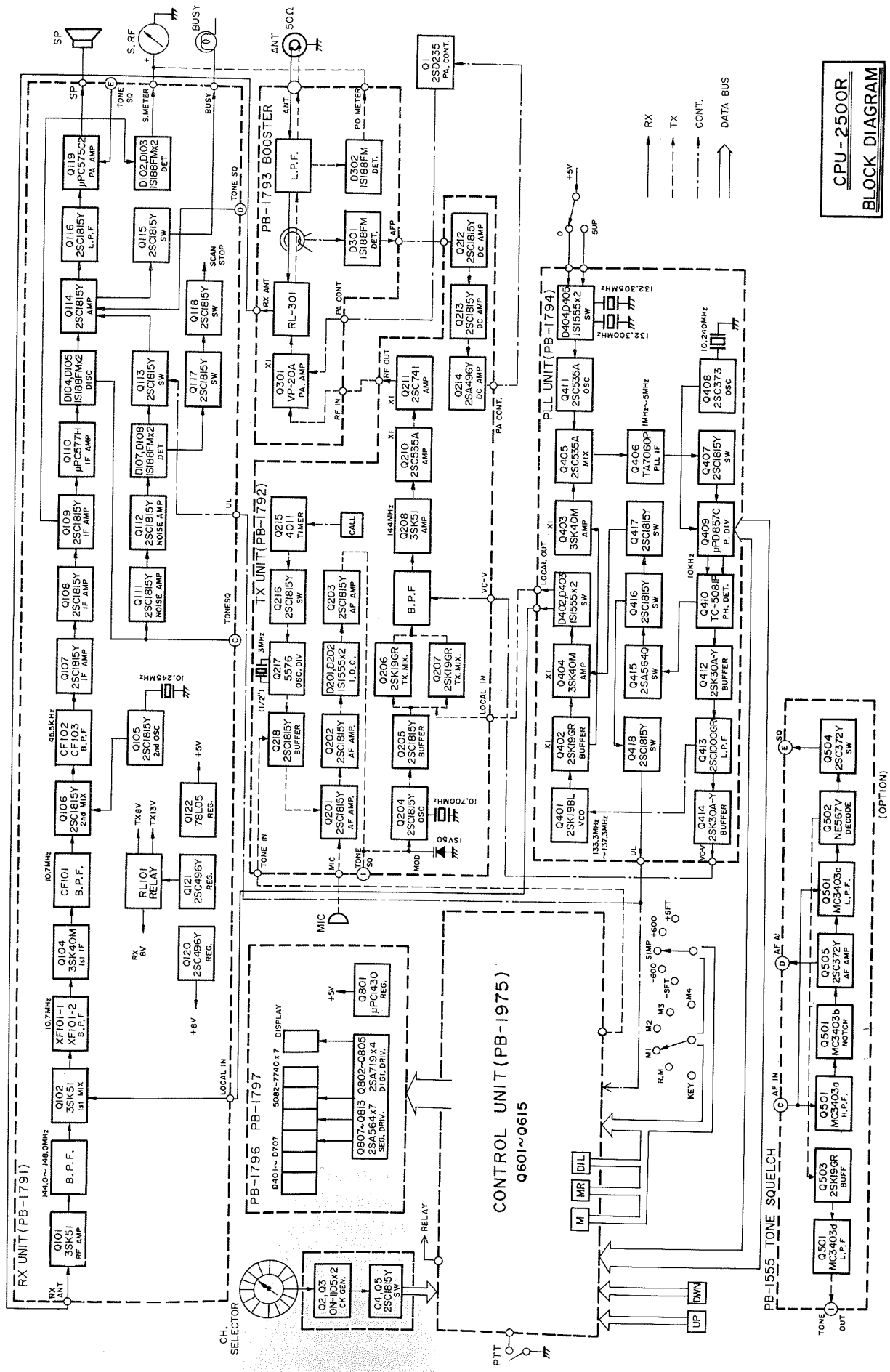
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CPU-2500R
BLOCK DIAGRAM

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a reference crystal
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9GR) generates a
oscillator frequency
de D₄₀₁ (1S2209),
of a tuned circuit
d C₄₀₄, C₄₀₆ in ac-
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amplified by buffer
nd Q₄₀₄ (3SK40M)
D₄₀₂/D₄₀₃ (1S1555)
ixers.

Q₄₀₄ is fed through
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1-5 MHz PLL IF
he PLL heterodyne

is generated by an
oscillator Q₄₁₁

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nd the 5 UP switch.
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 (2SA564Q),
 (SC1815Y)
 or of Q₄₁₆
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 114.

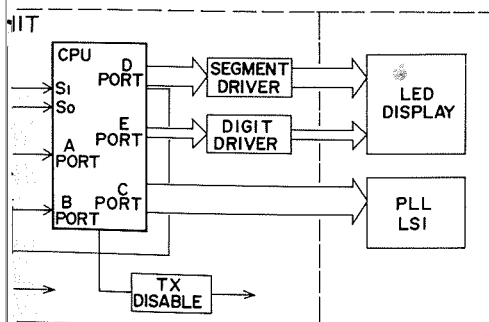
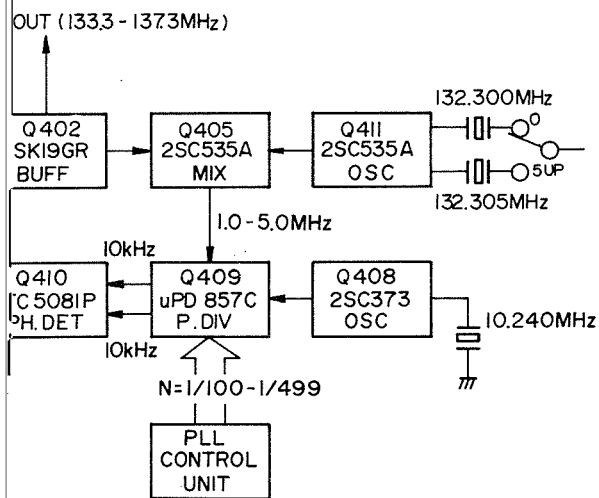
or DC volt-
 off; simul-
 d, silencing
 until VCO

PLL CONTROL

Control of the PLL circuitry is by means of a 4-bit central processing unit (CPU). The CPU controls frequency selection by means of the main tuning dial, the scanners, the memory, and the keyboard microphone. The necessary memory storage capability is provided for in a read-only memory, located within the CPU.

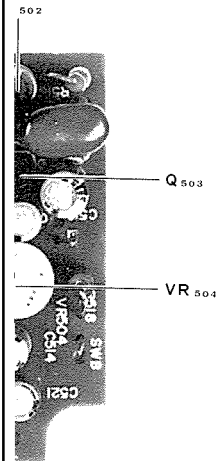
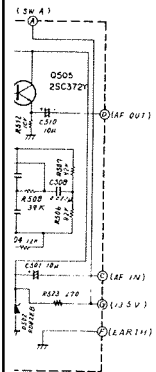
DISPLAY

The digital display consists of 7 seven-segment light emitting diode display digits, D₇₀₁-D₇₀₇ (5082-7740). Drivers Q₈₀₂-Q₈₀₅ (2SA719) and segment drivers Q₈₀₇-Q₈₁₃ (2SA564) provide the necessary input to drive the display correctly.



Q₅₀₄ conducts, re-
 sulting in the BUSY
 signal being disabled the

Circuit is operative
 when the BUSY
 signal is occupied,
 it should be made
 operational.



※	R 524	※
Ω	15KΩ	
Ω	8.2KΩ	

OPTION)

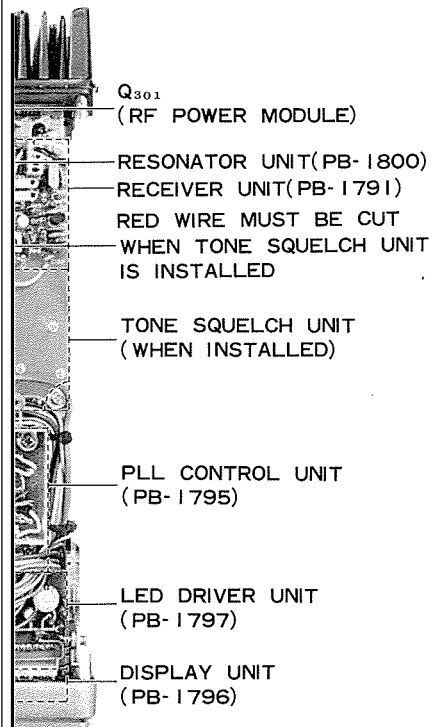
& ALIGNMENT

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Routine maintenance should be limited to keeping the transceiver clean, and making periodic checks of the transmitter power output and the receiver sensitivity.

Cleaning:

When the transceiver has been used in a dusty or sandy area, the interior may require periodic cleaning. A vacuum cleaner may be used for loose dirt, while caked or otherwise accumulated dirt may be removed with a soft brush. Check the interior to make sure that it is completely dry before replacing the case and operating the transceiver. The exterior may be wiped with a damp cloth as often as needed.



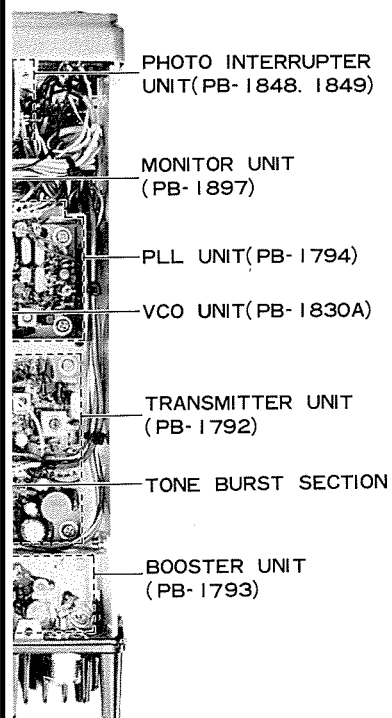
VIEW

VVM range, as required, to obtain approximately a full scale reading on the VTVM.

NOT change the VOLUME control setting after this adjustment is made.

Connect the signal generator to the receiving frequency of the transceiver, and adjust the output amplitude of the signal generator until the VVM reads 1/100th (20 dB decrease) of the reading in step (b). The signal generator output voltage at this point is the 20 dB quieting sensitivity, and the level should be approximately $0.3 \mu\text{V}$.

If above performance checks indicate the need for adjustment, it is recommended that the unit be returned to your dealer for servicing. The sophisticated PU and control circuitry, in particular, are such that they should not be touched by anyone other than an experienced technician. Attempts to adjust the transceiver tuned circuits without the use of test equipment may result in degraded receiver performance.



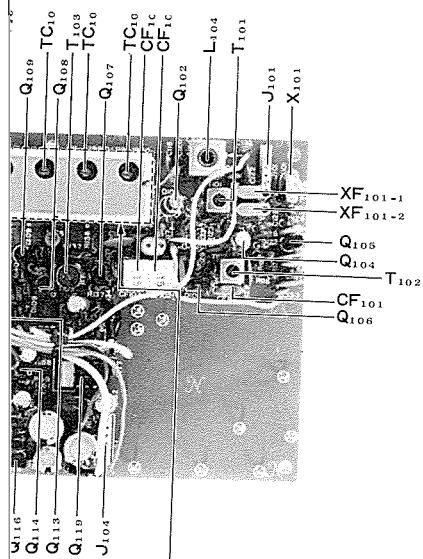
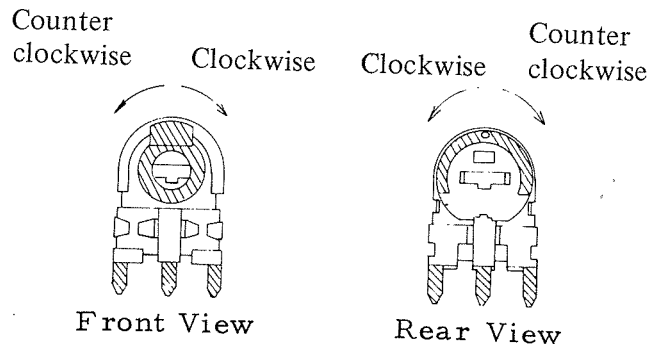
- c) Disconnect the sweep generator and scope. Measure the RF injection voltage to the second gate of Q₁₀₅. A nominal value is 1 volt RMS.

(3) S-Meter Sensitivity

- a) Apply the output from the signal generator to the antenna receptacle. Peak T₁₀₃ for a maximum S-meter reading on the generator signal.
- b) Set the output level of the signal generator to 20 dB, and adjust VR₁₀₁ for a full-scale deflection of the S-meter.

(4) Noise Squelch Threshold

- a) Apply a 0 dB signal from the signal generator at 147.000 MHz.
- b) Set the front panel SQL switch to the fully clockwise position. Adjust VR₁₀₂ until the squelch just opens. Do not advance VR₁₀₂ past the threshold point.



RESONATOR UNIT (PB-1800)

R UNIT (PB-1791)

the ON
output

scquelch
VR₁₀₃

rol until
Back off
so that
w apply
ator. A
s should

146.000

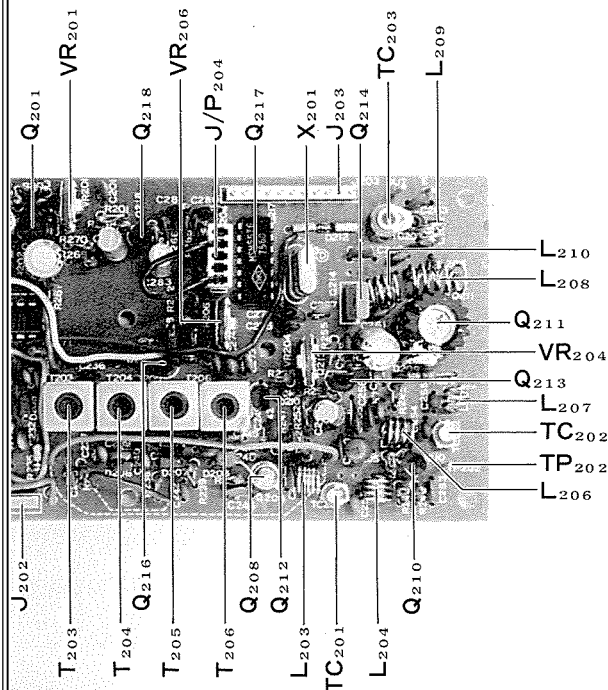
l protec-
ertain to
ng con-
dy. If no
is out of
may be

(1) 10.7 MHz TX Alignment

- a) Connect the RF probe of a VTVM to TP₂₀₁.
- b) Adjust T₂₀₁ for a maximum indication on the VTVM. A nominal value is 550 mV RMS.
- c) Connect a frequency counter to TP₂₀₁, and adjust L₂₀₂ for a reading of 10.700 MHz \pm 100 Hz on the counter.

(2) Mixer/Interstage Alignment

- a) Connect a dummy load/wattmeter to the antenna jack.
- b) Connect the RF probe of a VTVM to gate 1 of Q₂₀₈.
- c) Close the microphone PTT switch, and adjust T₂₀₁-T₂₀₆ for a maximum VTVM indication. A nominal reading is 100 mV RMS.
- d) Connect a DC voltmeter to TP₂₀₂, and adjust T₂₀₁-T₂₀₆ and TC₂₀₁ for a maximum reading on the DC voltmeter.
- e) Remove the DC voltmeter, and adjust T₂₀₁-T₂₀₆ and TC₂₀₁-TC₂₀₃ for maximum power output as indicated on the wattmeter.



SMITTER UNIT(PB-1792)

the front panel CALL switch.

Connect an oscilloscope to the center tap of VR₂₀₂, and confirm that oscillation of the circuit is taking place.

Connect a frequency counter to the center tap of VR₂₀₆, and confirm that the burst signal is of the proper frequency (1800 Hz for the USA model). Release the CALL switch.

Proceed to step a) of section 3, "Modulation Alignment". Adjust VR₂₀₆ while holding the CALL switch to establish a peak-to-peak FM deviation of ± 3.5 kHz with the application of the burst signal. Release the CALL button after this alignment.

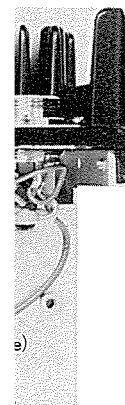
Listening on a monitor receiver, set the BURST/CALL switch in the transmit position, and close the microphone PTT switch. Confirm that the burst signal is of the desired duration (set at 0.5 second). VR₂₀₅ provides adjustment of the burst length.

PO Meter, and Local Output

Connect a dummy load/wattmeter to the antenna receptacle.

Connect a DC voltmeter (+) lead to the positive terminal of D₃₀₁, and the (-) lead to ground.

Adjust VR₃₀₁ for minimum output voltage.



tages

ode, connect the RF to the emitter of Q₁₁₁. stage is oscillating at a tely 180 mV RMS.

tmeter using a 10 volt ust TC₄₀₁ to secure a s.

loscope to TP₂, and T₄₀₃ for a maximum scope.

robe of a VTVM to the /D₄₀₃. Adjust T₄₀₁ for ing on the VTVM. A 540 mV RMS.

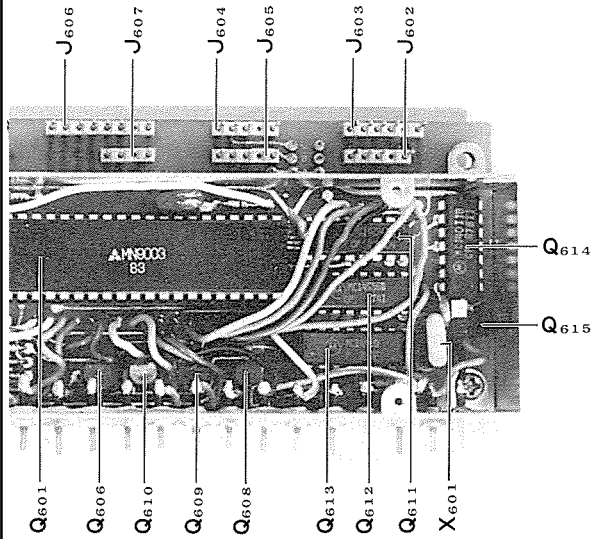
ency counter to the D₄₀₃.

a reading of 135.300 the counter.

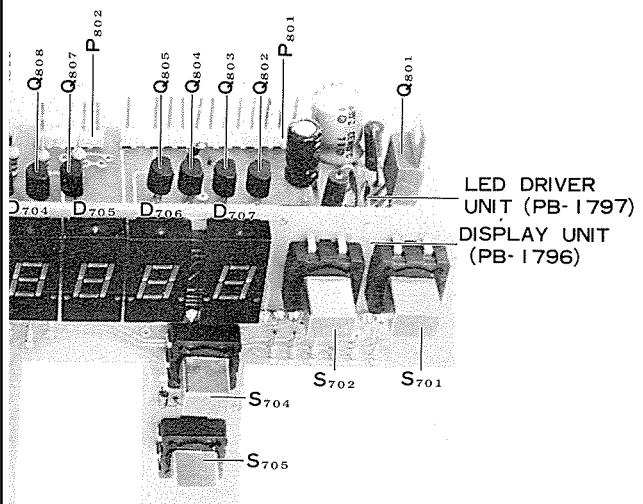
anel 5 UP button, and a reading of 135.305 the counter.

und. Digits 3, 4, and 5 should be blanked to ck.

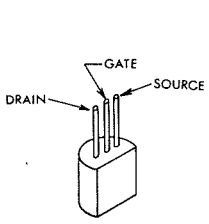
Extremely
instances
alignment



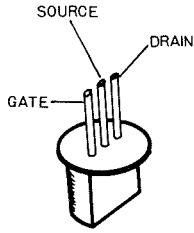
CONTROL UNIT (PB-1795)



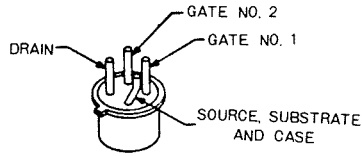
TRANSISTOR & IC CONNECTIONS



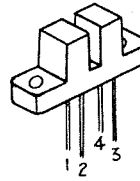
2SK30Y



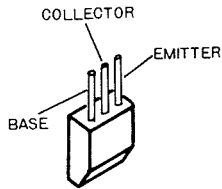
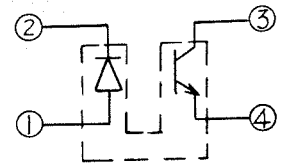
2SK19BL
2SK19GR



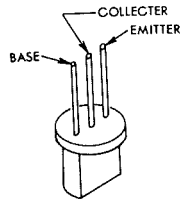
3SK40M
3SK51



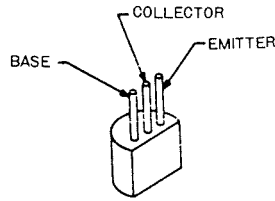
ON1105



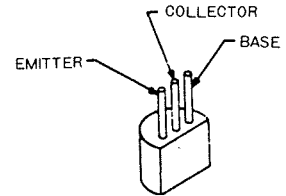
2SC535A



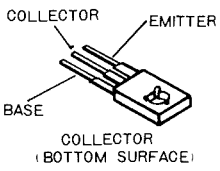
2SC373
2SC1000GR



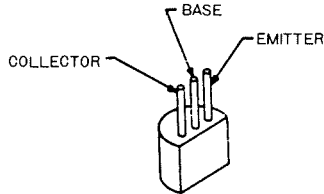
2SA564A Q
2SA719P
2SC1815Y



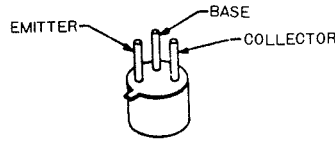
2SC2053
2SC710D,



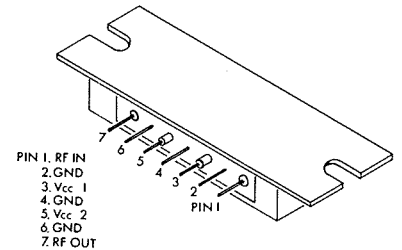
2SA496Y,O
2SC496Y,O



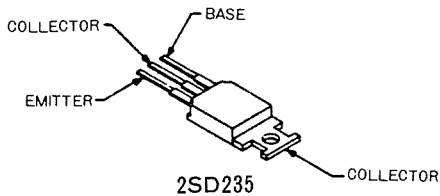
MPSA13



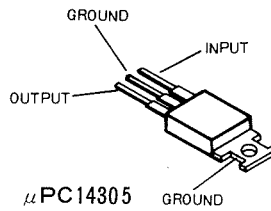
2SC730
2SC741



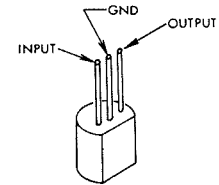
VP20A



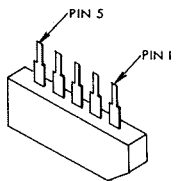
2SD235



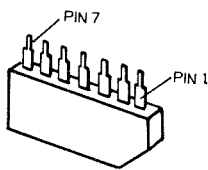
μPC14305



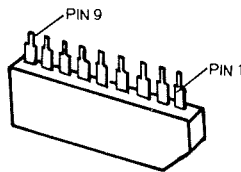
78L05/08



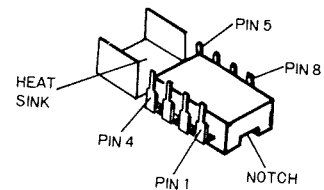
TA7060P



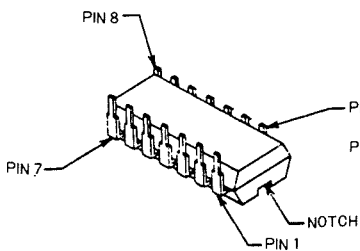
μPC577H



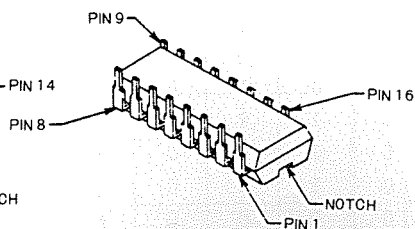
TC5081P



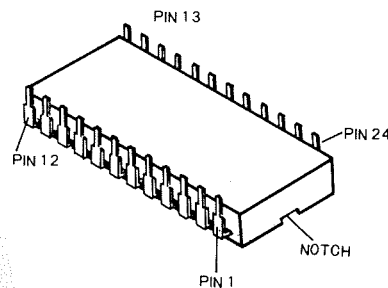
μPC575C2



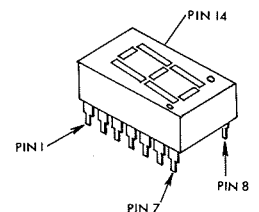
MC14011B
MC14081B
MSM5576
MC14069B
MC14410
MC14556B



MSM561 MC14049B
MC14008B MC14510B
MC14028B MC14511B
MC14042B MC14519B



μPD857C



5082-7740

Q409 (μ PD857C) PROGRAMMABLE DIVIDER CODE

Q409 PIN NUMBER →		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
P/J403 →		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DIAL DISPLAY ↓	PROGRAMMABLE DIVIDER RATIO ↓	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	P ₄	P ₅	P ₆	P ₇	P ₈	P ₉	P ₁₀	P ₁₁
144.000	1/100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.010	1/101	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.020	1/102	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.030	1/103	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.040	1/104	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.050	1/105	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.060	1/106	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.070	1/107	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.080	1/108	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.090	1/109	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
144.100	1/110	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.110	1/111	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.120	1/112	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.130	1/113	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.140	1/114	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.150	1/115	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.160	1/116	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.170	1/117	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.180	1/118	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.190	1/119	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
144.200	1/120	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
4.300	1/130	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
4.400	1/140	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
4.500	1/150	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
4.600	1/160	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
4.700	1/170	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
4.800	1/180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
4.900	1/190	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
145.000	1/200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.010	1/201	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.020	1/202	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.030	1/203	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.040	1/204	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.050	1/205	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.060	1/206	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.070	1/207	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.080	1/208	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.090	1/209	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
145.100	1/210	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
5.200	1/220	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
5.300	1/230	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
5.400	1/240	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
5.500	1/250	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
5.600	1/260	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
5.700	1/270	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
5.800	1/280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
5.900	1/290	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
146.000	1/300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
147.000	1/400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
147.990	1/499	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

*1 HIGH LEVEL (5V)
*0 LOW LEVEL (0V)

KNOB	
37	FT-30T(Channel Selector)
41	FT-16P(Volume)
42	FT-16PA(Tx Offset, Memory)
40	FT-16PD(Squelch)

TERMINAL BOARD	
02	1L4P 2-0-2
02	1L5P 3-0-2

UNIT	
	Description
AZ	RX UNIT and RESONATOR UNIT with components
10	Printed Circuit Board

IC, FET & TRANSISTOR		
32	IC	78L05
75	"	78L08
19	"	μ PC575C2
18	"	μ PC577H
01	FET	3SK40M
10	"	3SK51
64	Transistor	2SC496Y
54	"	2SC1815Y

DIODE		
80	Germanium Diode	1S188FM
50	Silicon Diode	1S1555
39	Zener Diode	RD8.2EB

CRYSTAL		
76	HC-18/U, 10.245MHz	# 210036

MONOLITHIC FILTER	
031	10M2B2

CERAMIC FILTER	
010	10.7MF-BR
016	LFB-15

CERAMIC DISCRIMINATOR	
001	SFD455S4

RESISTOR				
220	Carbon Composition	$\frac{1}{2}$ W	GK	22 Ω
560	Carbon Film	$\frac{1}{4}$ W	VJ	56 Ω
101	"	"	"	100 Ω
121	"	"	"	120 Ω
221	"	"	"	220 Ω
331	"	"	"	330 Ω

PARTS LIST

Carbon Film	1/4W VJ	470Ω			INDUCTOR
"	"	1KΩ	L101,104	54140910	R12-4091 #220105
"	"	1.5KΩ	L102	53020004	Micro Inductor FL-4H 2R2M 2.2μH
"	"	2.2KΩ	L105	53010004	" " 220μH
"	"	3.3KΩ	L106~108	53020009	" " FL-5H 102K 1mH
"	"	4.7KΩ			
"	"	5.6KΩ			
"	"	8.2KΩ	CH101	52000063	AF CHOKE #50-13
"	"	10KΩ			
"	"	15KΩ			
"	"	22KΩ			
			T101,102	55000185	TRANSFORMER 3005 #220187
"	"	47KΩ	T103	55003084	7MC-312162NO #220188
"	"	56KΩ			
"	"	100KΩ			
			RL101	70000036	RELAY AW6221-DC12V
"	"	120KΩ			
"	"	150KΩ			
			P101	67040007	MINI CONNECTOR 5048-04A
			P102,104	67050005	5048-05A
ERMISTOR			P105	67060004	5048-06A
SDT-250			P106	67080006	5048-08A
			P103	67140001	5048-14A
ENTIOMETER					
TR-11R300		5KΩB			
"		10KΩB	J101	68040009	5047-04 with wire #240105
			J102	68050006	5047-05 " #240101
			J104	68050007	5047-05 " #240104
ACITOR			J105	68060015	5047-06 " #240100
Ceramic disc	50WV CH	3PF	J106	68080008	5047-08 " #240099
"	"	10PF	J103	68140008	5047-14 " #240105
"	"	SL 10PF			
"	"	SL 20PF			
"	"	CH 47PF			
"	"	SL 100PF			
"	"	SL 150PF		56000024	Ferrite Beads 4A-RI 3X3-1
"	"	0.001μF		91100008	Wrapping Terminal C
"	"	0.01μF			
"	"	0.047μF			
ylar Film	"	0.001μF			
"	"	0.0047μF			
"	"	0.01μF			
					TX UNIT
			Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description
				017922AZ	TX UNIT with components
			PB-1792	60417920	Printed Circuit Board
"	"	0.022μF			
"	"	0.047μF			
					IC, FET & TRANSISTOR
"	"	0.1μF	Q215	25000114	IC MC14011B
antalum	35WV	0.47μF	Q217	25000155	" MSM5576
lectrolytic	50WV R	1μF	Q206,207	22800195	FET 2SK19GR
"	25WV R	4.7μF	Q208	23800510	" 3SK51
"	16WV R	10μF	Q214	22104964	Transistor 2SA496Y
"	10WV R	47μF	Q210	22305351	" 2SC2053
"	"	100μF	Q211	22307410	" 2SC741
"	16WV R	100μF	Q201~205,212,213	22318154	" 2SC1815Y
"	" R	1000μF	216,218		

PARTS LIST

C417,459	31820050	Ceramic disc	50WV	CH5PF		80044711	PLL Case	#004471	
C412	31829050	"	"	SL5PF		80044721	" Cover A	#004472	
C483	31820090	"	"	CH9PF		80044731	" Cover B	#004473	
C414	31829100	"	"	SL10PF		80044741	Hex Spacer	#004474	
C484	31829120	"	"	SL12PF		91100008	Wrapping Terminal C		
C433,434	31829180	"	"	SL18PF					
C424,440,461,462	31820330	"	"	CH33PF					
C443	31829470	"	"	SL47PF					
C423,438,445,446~450 453~457,465,466,468 469	30820102	"	"	0.001 μ F					
VCO BOARD (P/O PLL UNIT)									
C413,415,416,418,419 422,426,427,431,432 435,444,451,458,460 476,480,485	30820103	"	"	0.01 μ F	Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description		
						018301AZ	VCO Board with components		
					PB-1830A	60418301	Printed Circuit Board		
C420,436,477~479 481,482	30820473	"	"	0.047 μ F			FET		
C470	36825103	Mylar Film	50WV	0.01 μ F	Q401	22800195	2SK19BL		
C471,473	36825473	"	"	0.047 μ F					
C475	34320475	Electrolytic	25WV R	4.7 μ F					
C421,437	34220106	"	16WV R	10 μ F			DIODE		
C452	34120476	"	10WV R	47 μ F	D401	21022090	Varactor Diode 1S2209		
C472	34120107	"	"	100 μ F					
C474	36526104	Tantalum	35WV	0.1 μ F					
C441	36824101	Styrol	50WV	100PF			RESISTOR		
C442	36824221	"	"	220PF	R402,403	40143101	Carbon Film	$\frac{1}{4}$ W VJ 100 Ω	
C467	36133105	Polyester Film	100WV	1 μ F	R401	40143563	"	" " 56K Ω	
							CAPACITOR		
		TRIMMER CAPACITOR			C409	31820030	Ceramic disc	50WV CH 3PF	
TC402~404	39000011	ECV-1ZW	20 \times 53	20PF	C405,406	31827040	"	" UJ 4PF	
					C404,407	31820070	"	" CH 7PF	
					C402	31820100	"	" CH 10PF	
		INDUCTOR			C408	31820120	"	" CH 12PF	
L408	55003150	OSC COIL	# 220205		C401,411	30820102	"	" 0.001 μ F	
L407	55003120	RFC	# 220206		C410	34220106	Electrolytic	16WV R 10 μ F	
L406	53020033	Micro Inductor	10 μ H						
L405	53020020	"	15 μ H						
L409	53020007	"	22 μ H				TRIMMER CAPACITOR		
L404	53020021	"	220 μ H	TC401	39000080	TZ01Y010A	7PF		
		TRANSFORMER					INDUCTOR		
T401	54141020	R12-4102	# 220111	L401	55003289	S6-B	# 220359A		
T402,403	55003303		# 220312	L403	53020031	Micro Inductor	0.68 μ H		
				L402	53020010	"	10 μ H		
		MINI CONNECTOR				80041041	VCO Case	#004104	
P402	67040006	5048-04A			80041051	VCO Cover	#004105		
P403	67110004	5048-11A			91100008	Wrapping Terminal C			
P401	67120010	5048-12A							
J402	68040011	5047-4 with wire	# 240097						
J403	68110009	5047-11	" # 240096						
J401	68120008	5047-12	" # 240105						
		IC SOCKET							
QS401	68240001	116-24-30-114							

Symbc
PB-1795
PB-1836
Q601
Q603~60
Q611
Q602
Q613
Q612
Q615
Q607
Q606,608
D601,~60
D606~60
X601
R623,624
R605,610
R616
R620
R601,603
R613,614
R602,604
611,613
R621
RB601
C603
C604,606
C601,602
C609
C611~6.
P607
P602,604
P603
P601
P606
J607
J602

LIST

RESONATOR BOARD P O RX UNIT

Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description
1800	60318000	Printed Circuit Board
	018000AZ	RESONATOR BOARD with components
		CAPACITOR
9,110,112,114	31820050	Ceramic 50WV CH5PF
7,115	31820150	" " " 5PF
1,113	31820180	" " " 18PF
		CERAMIC TRIMMER
101~104	39000010	ECV-1ZW 10X53 10PF
		INDUCTOR
33	55003293	#220409
	80044941	Resonator Case #004494
	91100008	Wrapping Terminal C

MONITOR UNIT

Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description
1897A	60318971	Printed Circuit Board
	018971AZ	P.C.B with components
		RESISTOR
01,903	42144103	Carbon Composition 1/2W GK 10KΩ
02	42144153	" " " " 15KΩ
		POTENTIOMETER
901,902	49901203	EVL-S3AA 00B24 20KΩB
		CAPACITOR
01	36825224	Mylar Film 50WV 0.022μF

ACCESSORIES

Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description
	77000016	Microphone Assembly YE-17 with Microphone Hanger, Screws
	67060001	Microphone Plug FM-146P
	96000020	Power Cord Assembly #240067
	67020006	Power Plug FM-142P
	69000002	Fuse Holder SN-1102
	73000005	Fuse 10A
	73000005	Fuse 10A
	67020003	External Speaker Plug P-2240
	80038631	Stand
	80038661	Mobile Bracket Assembly with Set Screws

OPTIONAL KEYBOARD MICROPHONE

Symbol Number	Parts Number	Description
	77000015	Microphone Assembly YE-16 with Microphone Hanger, Screws
	67200001	Microphone Plug P-1620A

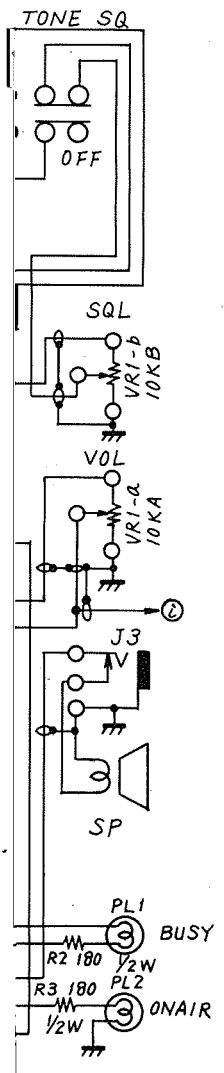


906-E



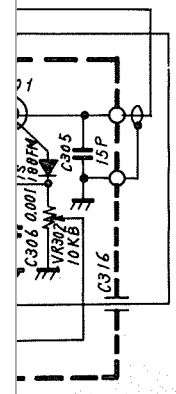






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S OTHERWISE NOTED.
16WV UNLESS

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